

MAGNA ANNOUNCES STRONG FIRST QUARTER RESULTS; MAINTAINS POSITIVE OUTLOOK FOR 2026

Highlights⁽¹⁾

Delivered strong first-quarter 2026 results, reflecting sales growth, disciplined execution, and improved operating performance.

- Sales increased 3% to \$10.4 billion, despite a 7% decline in global light vehicle production
- Income from operations before income taxes was \$87 million, including a \$485 million loss on assets held for sale related to the announced dispositions of our Lighting and Rooftop Systems businesses within Power & Vision
- Adjusted EBIT increased 58% to \$558 million, with Adjusted EBIT margin expanding 190 basis points to 5.4%
- Diluted loss per share was \$0.04; Adjusted EPS increased 77% to \$1.38
- Returned \$575 million to shareholders through share repurchases and dividends
- 2026 Outlook largely unchanged

AURORA, Ontario, May 1, 2026 — Magna International Inc. (TSX: MG; NYSE: MGA) today reported financial results for the first quarter ended March 31, 2026.



“We delivered a strong start to 2026, driven by disciplined execution, margin expansion and robust free cash flow generation. Our actions to further refine our portfolio, including the announced dispositions within Power & Vision, reinforce our focus on long-term value creation.

As we move forward, we are maintaining our positive 2026 outlook, and our priorities remain clear: expanding margins, generating strong free cash flow and returning capital to shareholders, while navigating a dynamic global environment.”

- Swamy Kotagiri, Magna’s Chief Executive Officer

	THREE MONTHS ENDED	
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Reported		
Sales	\$ 10,381	\$ 10,069
Income from operations before income taxes	87	225
Net (loss) income attributable to Magna International Inc.	(12)	146
Diluted (loss) earnings per share	(0.04)	0.52
Non-GAAP Financial Measures⁽¹⁾		
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 558	\$ 354
Adjusted EPS	1.38	0.78
Free Cash Flow	372	(313)

All results are reported in millions of U.S. dollars, except per share figures, which are in U.S. dollars

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted EBIT, Adjusted EPS, and Free Cash Flow are Non-GAAP financial measures that have no standardized meaning under U.S. GAAP, and as a result may not be comparable to the calculation of similar measures by other companies. Further information and a reconciliation of these Non-GAAP financial measures is included in the back of this press release.

THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

We posted sales of \$10.4 billion for the first quarter of 2026, an increase of 3% over the first quarter of 2025. The higher sales largely reflects:

- the net strengthening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, which increased reported U.S. dollar sales by \$520 million; and
- the launch of new programs during or subsequent to the first quarter of 2025, including complete vehicle programs with value-added contractual arrangements.

These factors were partially offset by:

- the end of production of certain programs;
- lower light vehicle production in North America, Europe and China;
- lower complete vehicle assembly volumes with full-cost contractual arrangements;
- lower engineering revenue, primarily in our Complete Vehicles segment; and
- net customer price concessions subsequent to the first quarter of 2025.

Adjusted EBIT increased to \$558 million for the first quarter of 2026 compared to \$354 million for the first quarter of 2025, primarily due to:

- productivity and efficiency improvements, including the benefit of operational excellence initiatives and prior restructuring actions;
- higher equity income, including a favourable commercial item in our Power & Vision segment;
- lower warranty costs;
- net transactional foreign exchange gains in the first quarter of 2026, compared to net transactional foreign exchange losses in the first quarter of 2025;
- the net strengthening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, which had a favourable impact on reported U.S. dollar Adjusted EBIT; and
- net commercial items, which had a favourable impact on a year-over-year basis.

These factors were partially offset by:

- higher net tariff costs;
- reduced earnings on lower local currency sales, including engineering revenue; and
- net unfavourable product mix.

Income from operations before income taxes was \$87 million in the first quarter of 2026, down \$138 million or 61% compared to the first quarter of 2025. Income from operations before income taxes includes Other expense, net⁽²⁾ and Amortization of acquired intangible assets totaling \$434 million and \$79 million in the first quarters of 2026 and 2025, respectively. The most significant item in Other expense, net in the first quarter of 2026 was a loss on assets held for sale related to the announced dispositions of our Lighting and Rooftop business of \$485 million (pre-tax). Excluding Other expense, net and Amortization of acquired intangible assets from both periods, income from operations before income taxes in the first quarter of 2026 increased \$217 million or 71% compared to the first quarter of 2025, largely reflecting the increase in Adjusted EBIT.

Net (loss) income attributable to Magna International Inc. was a loss of \$12 million for the first quarter of 2026 compared to income of \$146 million in the first quarter of 2025. Excluding Other expense, net, after tax and Amortization of acquired intangibles from both periods, net income attributable to Magna International Inc. was \$386 million in the first quarter of 2026 compared to \$219 million in the first quarter of 2025.

⁽²⁾ Other expense, net is comprised of loss on assets held for sale, restructuring activities, and (gain) loss on investments, during the three months ended March 31, 2026 & 2025. A reconciliation of these Non-GAAP financial measures is included in the back of this press release.

Diluted (loss) earnings per share was a loss of \$0.04 in the first quarter of 2026, compared to earnings of \$0.52 in the comparable period. Adjusted EPS was \$1.38, compared to \$0.78 for the first quarter of 2025, an increase of 77%. The increase in Adjusted EPS primarily reflects the impact of higher adjusted EBIT.

In the first quarter of 2026, we generated cash from operations of \$677 million. Free Cash Flow was \$372 million in the period, including balance sheet-related customer recoveries for contract adjustments associated with certain electric vehicle programs in North America.

RETURN OF CAPITAL TO SHAREHOLDERS AND OTHER MATTERS

We paid dividends of \$135 million and repurchased 7.6 million shares for \$440 million for the three months ended March 31, 2026. As of March 31, 2026, there are 16.7 million remaining shares available for repurchase under our current Normal Course Issuer Bid authorization.

Our Board of Directors declared a first quarter dividend of \$0.495 per Common Share. The dividend is payable on May 29, 2026 to shareholders of record as of the close of business on May 15, 2026.

SEGMENT SUMMARY

<i>(\$Millions)</i>	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,					
	Sales			Adjusted EBIT		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Body Exteriors & Structures	\$ 4,079	\$ 3,966	\$ 113	\$ 274	\$ 230	\$ 44
Power & Vision	3,881	3,646	235	252	124	128
Seating Systems	1,340	1,312	28	25	(30)	55
Complete Vehicles	1,224	1,276	(52)	32	44	(12)
Corporate and Other	(143)	(131)	(12)	(25)	(14)	(11)
Total Reportable Segments	\$ 10,381	\$ 10,069	\$ 312	\$ 558	\$ 354	\$ 204

	THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31,		
	Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales		
	2026	2025	Change
Body Exteriors & Structures	6.7%	5.8%	0.9%
Power & Vision	6.5%	3.4%	3.1%
Seating Systems	1.9%	(2.3)%	4.2%
Complete Vehicles	2.6%	3.4%	(0.8)%
Consolidated Average	5.4%	3.5%	1.9%

For further details on our segment results, please see our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Position and our Interim Financial Statements.

2026 OUTLOOK

Our full year Outlook for 2026 is provided annually, with quarterly updates. The following Outlook is an update to our previous Outlook in February 2026.

Updated 2026 Macro Assumptions

	<u>Current</u>	<u>Previous</u>
Light Vehicle Production (millions of units)		
North America	14.9	15.0
Europe	16.6	16.8
China	32.0	32.0
Average Foreign exchange rates:		
1 Canadian dollar equals	U.S. \$0.730	U.S. \$0.720
1 euro equals	U.S. \$1.178	U.S. \$1.160

Updated 2026 Outlook

	<u>Current</u>	<u>Previous</u>
Segment Sales		
Body Exteriors & Structures	\$16.6 - \$17.2 billion	\$16.6 - \$17.2 billion
Power & Vision	\$15.6 - \$16.0 billion	\$15.9 - \$16.3 billion
Seating Systems	\$5.4 - \$5.7 billion	\$5.4 - \$5.7 billion
Complete Vehicles	\$4.4 - \$4.7 billion	\$4.4 - \$4.7 billion
Total Sales	\$41.5 - \$43.1 billion	\$41.9 - \$43.5 billion
Adjusted EBIT Margin ⁽³⁾	6.0% - 6.6%	6.0% - 6.6%
Adjusted EPS ⁽⁴⁾	\$6.25 - \$7.25	\$6.25 - \$7.25
Free Cash Flow ⁽⁵⁾	\$1.6 - \$1.8 billion	\$1.6 - \$1.8 billion
Capital Spending	\$1.5 - \$1.6 billion	\$1.5 - \$1.6 billion
Equity Income (included in EBIT)	\$160 - \$195 million	\$160 - \$195 million
Interest Expense, net	Approximately \$165 million	Approximately \$180 million
Income Tax Rate ⁽⁶⁾	Approximately 23%	Approximately 23%
Weighted average diluted shares outstanding	Approximately 270 million	Approximately 270 million

Notes:

⁽³⁾ Adjusted EBIT Margin is the ratio of Adjusted EBIT to Total Sales. Refer to the reconciliation of Non-GAAP financial measures in the back of this press release for further information.

⁽⁴⁾ Adjusted EPS represents Adjusted Net Income attributable to Magna divided by the Diluted weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding during the period.

⁽⁵⁾ Refer to the reconciliation of Non-GAAP financial measures in the back of this press release for further information on Free Cash Flow.

⁽⁶⁾ The Income Tax Rate has been calculated using Adjusted EBIT and is based on current tax legislation

Our Outlook is intended to provide information about management's current expectations and plans and may not be appropriate for other purposes. Although considered reasonable by Magna as of the date of this document, the 2026 Outlook above and the underlying assumptions may prove to be inaccurate. Accordingly, our actual results could differ materially from our expectations as set forth herein. The risks identified in the "Forward-Looking Statements" section below represent the primary factors which we believe could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations.

KEY DRIVERS OF OUR BUSINESS

Our business and operating results are dependent on light vehicle production by our customers in three key regions – North America, Europe, and China. While we supply systems and components to many OEMs globally, we do not supply systems and components for every vehicle, nor is the value of our content consistent from one vehicle to the next. As a result, customer and program mix relative to market trends, as well as the value of our content on specific vehicle production programs, are also important drivers of our results.

Ordinarily, OEM production volumes are aligned with vehicle sales levels and thus affected by changes in such levels. Aside from vehicle sales levels, production volumes are typically impacted by a range of factors, including: geopolitical factors, such as military conflicts and tariffs; supply chains, including disruption to supply of and/or increased costs of steel, aluminum, resin, and energy supplies, as well as semiconductor and memory (DRAM) chips; OEM, supplier or sub-supplier disruptions; relative currency values; commodity prices; labour disruptions, as well as the availability and relative cost of skilled labour; regulatory frameworks; and other factors.

Overall vehicle sales levels are significantly affected by changes in consumer confidence levels, which may in turn be impacted by consumer perceptions and general trends related to the job, housing, and stock markets, as well as other macroeconomic and political factors. Other factors which typically impact vehicle sales levels and thus production volumes include: vehicle affordability; interest rates and/or availability of credit; fuel and energy prices; relative currency values; and considerations applicable to EVs, including EV range, charging infrastructure, and electricity pricing.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES RECONCILIATION

In addition to the financial results reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP, this press release contains references to the Non-GAAP financial measures reconciled below. We believe the Non-GAAP financial measures used in this press release are useful to both management and investors in their analysis of the Company's financial position and results of operations, and to improve comparability between fiscal periods. In particular, management believes that Adjusted EBIT and Adjusted diluted earnings per share are useful measures in assessing the Company's financial performance by excluding certain items that are not indicative of the Company's core operating performance. Management also believes that Free Cash Flow is a useful measure in assessing the Company's ability to generate cash to maintain operations and repay its debt. The presentation of Non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for the Company's related financial results prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

The following table reconciles Net income to Adjusted EBIT:

<i>Adjusted EBIT</i>	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Net (Loss) Income	\$ (1)	\$ 153
Add:		
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	19	26
Interest expense, net	37	50
Other expense, net	415	53
Income taxes	88	72
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 558	\$ 354

<i>Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales ("Adjusted EBIT Margin")</i>	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Sales	\$ 10,381	\$ 10,069
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 558	\$ 354
Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales	5.4 %	3.5 %

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES RECONCILIATION (CONTINUED)

Adjusted EPS	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Net (loss) income attributable to Magna International Inc.	\$ (12)	\$ 146
Add (deduct):		
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	19	26
Tax effect on Amortization of acquired intangible assets	(2)	(5)
Other expense, net	415	53
Tax effect on Other expense, net	(34)	(1)
Adjusted net income attributable to Magna International Inc.	\$ 386	\$ 219
Diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period (millions):	278.1	282.0
Adjusted Dilutive impact of stock option and share awards ⁽ⁱ⁾	1.8	—
Adjusted diluted weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period (millions):	279.9	282.0
Adjusted EPS	\$ 1.38	\$ 0.78

⁽ⁱ⁾ During the first quarter of 2026, the Company generated Adjusted net Income attributable to Magna International Inc. while reporting a net loss attributable to Magna International Inc. As a result, certain stock-based compensation awards are dilutive for adjusted diluted earnings per share and are included in the adjusted diluted weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding. The dilutive impact was determined using the treasury stock method.

The following table reconciles Cash provided from operating activities to Free Cash Flow:

Free Cash Flow	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Cash provided from operating activities	\$ 677	\$ 77
Add (deduct):		
Fixed asset additions	(219)	(268)
Increase in investment, other assets, and intangible assets	(168)	(148)
Proceeds from disposition	82	26
Free Cash Flow	\$ 372	\$ (313)

Certain of the forward-looking financial measures above are provided on a Non-GAAP basis. We do not provide a reconciliation of such forward-looking measures to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. To do so would be potentially misleading and not practical given the difficulty of projecting items that are not reflective of ongoing operations in any future period. The magnitude of these items, however, may be significant.

This press release, together with our Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Position and our Interim Financial Statements, are available in the Investor Relations section of our website at www.magna.com/company/investors and filed electronically through the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval + (SEDAR+) which can be accessed at www.sedarplus.ca as well as on the United States Securities and Exchange Commission's Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval System (EDGAR), which can be accessed at www.sec.gov.

We will hold a conference call for interested analysts and shareholders to discuss our first quarter ended March 31, 2026 results on Friday, May 1, 2026 at 8:00 a.m. ET. The conference call will be chaired by Swamy Kotagiri, Chief Executive Officer. The number to use for this call from North America is 1-800-715-9871. International callers should use 1-646-307-1963. Please call in at least 10 minutes prior to the call start time. We will also webcast the conference call at www.magna.com. The slide presentation accompanying the conference call as well as our [financial review](#) summary will be available on our website Friday prior to the call.

TAGS

Earnings Release, Quarterly Earnings, First Quarter Results, Outlook, Financial Results, Global Vehicle Production

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ABOUT MAGNA

Magna is one of the world's largest automotive suppliers and a trusted partner to automakers in the industry's most critical markets—North America, Europe, and China. With a global team and footprint spanning 28 countries, we bring unmatched scale, trusted reliability, and proven execution. Backed by nearly seven decades of experience, we combine deep manufacturing expertise with innovative vehicle system technologies to deliver performance, safety, and quality.

For further information about Magna (NYSE:MGA; TSX:MG), please visit www.magna.com or follow us on social.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this press release constitute "forward-looking information" or "forward-looking statements" (collectively, "forward-looking statements"). Any such forward-looking statements are intended to provide information about management's current expectations and plans and may not be appropriate for other purposes. Forward-looking statements may include financial and other projections, as well as statements regarding our future plans, strategic objectives or economic performance, or the assumptions underlying any of the foregoing, and other statements that are not recitations of historical fact. We use words such as "may", "would", "could", "should", "will", "likely", "expect", "anticipate", "assume", "believe", "intend", "plan", "aim", "forecast", "outlook", "project", "potential", "estimate", "target" and similar expressions suggesting future outcomes or events to identify forward-looking statements. The following table identifies the material forward-looking statements contained in this document, together with the material potential risks that we currently believe could cause actual results to differ materially from such forward-looking statements. Readers should also consider all of the risk factors which follow below the table:

Material Forward-Looking Statement	Material Potential Risks Related to Applicable Forward-Looking Statement
Light Vehicle Production	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Light vehicle sales levels, including due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - A decline in consumer confidence - Economic uncertainty - Elevated interest rates and availability of consumer credit - Deteriorating vehicle affordability Tariffs and/or other actions that erode free trade agreements Production deferrals, cancellations and volume reductions Production and supply disruptions Commodities prices Availability and relative cost of skilled labour
Total Sales Segment Sales	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same risks as for Light Vehicle Production above Alignment of our product mix with production demand Supply disruptions, including as a result of semiconductor and memory (DRAM) chip shortages Customer concentration Pace of EV adoption, including North American electric vehicle program deferrals, cancellations and volume reductions Shifts in market shares among OEMs, vehicles and/or vehicle segments Shifts in consumer "take rates" for products we sell Relative currency values
Adjusted EBIT Margin Adjusted Diluted EPS Free Cash Flow	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same risks as for Total Sales and Segment Sales above Execution of critical program launches Operational underperformance Product warranty/recall risks Production inefficiencies Unmitigated incremental tariff costs Restructuring costs and/or impairment charges Inflation Ability to secure planned cost recoveries from our customers and/or otherwise offset higher input costs Price concessions Commodity cost volatility Scrap steel price volatility
Equity Income	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same risks as Adjusted EBIT Margin above Risks related to conducting business through joint ventures Risks of doing business in foreign markets Legal and regulatory proceedings Changes in law
Share Repurchases Weighted Average Diluted Shares Outstanding	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Same risks impacting Free Cash Flow above Ability to repurchase shares for cancellation, including due to normal course issuer bid rules, trading blackouts, and other factors

Forward-looking statements are based on information currently available to us and are based on assumptions and analyses made by us in light of our experience and our perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors we believe are appropriate in the circumstances. While we believe we have a reasonable basis for making any such forward-looking statements, they are not a guarantee of future performance or outcomes. In addition to the factors in the table above, whether actual results and developments conform to our expectations and predictions is subject to a number of risks, assumptions, and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, and the effects of which can be difficult to predict, including, without limitation:

Macroeconomic, Geopolitical and Other Risks

- geopolitical crises and military conflicts;
- threats to free trade agreements;
- international trade disputes;
- planning and forecasting challenges;
- interest rates and availability of consumer credit;

Risks Related to the Automotive Industry

- pace of EV adoption;
- North American EV program deferrals, cancellations and volume reductions;
- economic cyclicalities;
- regional production volumes;
- deteriorating vehicle affordability;
- intense competition;

Strategic Risks

- evolution of the vehicle;
- evolving business risk profile;
- technology and innovation;
- investments in mobility and technology companies;

Customer-Related Risks

Pricing Risks

- quote/pricing assumptions;
- customer pricing pressure/contractual arrangements;
- commodity price volatility;
- scrap steel/aluminum price volatility;

Warranty/Recall Risks

- repair/replacement costs;
- warranty provisions;
- product liability;

IT Security/Cybersecurity Risks

- IT/cybersecurity breach;
- product cybersecurity breach;
- risks related to the use of artificial intelligence;

Merger and Acquisition Risks

- inherent merger and acquisition risks;
- acquisition integration and synergies;

Other Business Risks

- joint ventures;
- intellectual property;

- customer concentration;
- market shifts;
- evolving OEM competitive landscape;
- dependence on outsourcing;
- consumer take rate shifts;
- nature of customer blanket purchase orders;
- potential OEM production-related disruptions;

Supply Chain Risks

- supply chain disruptions;
- regional energy supply and pricing;
- financial condition of supply base;
- supplier claims;

Manufacturing/Operational Risks

- product launch;
- operational underperformance;
- restructuring costs;
- impairments;
- skilled labour attraction/retention;

- risks of doing business in foreign markets;
- tax risks;
- relative foreign exchange rates;
- returns on capital investments;
- financial flexibility;
- credit ratings changes;
- stock price fluctuation;

Legal, Regulatory and Other Risks

- legal and regulatory proceedings; and
- changes in laws.

In evaluating forward-looking statements or forward-looking information, we caution readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement. Additionally, readers should specifically consider the various factors which could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements, including the risks, assumptions and uncertainties above which are:

- discussed under the "Industry Trends and Risks" heading of our Management's Discussion and Analysis; and
- set out in our Annual Information Form filed with securities commissions in Canada, our annual report on Form 40-F filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, and subsequent filings.

Readers should also consider discussion of our risk mitigation activities with respect to certain risk factors, which can be also found in our Annual Information Form. Additional information about Magna, including our Annual Information Form, is available through the System for Electronic Data Analysis and Retrieval + (SEDAR+) at www.sedarplus.ca, as well as on the United States Securities and Exchange Commission's Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval System (EDGAR), which can be accessed at www.sec.gov.

MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Position

Unless otherwise noted, all amounts in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Results of Operations and Financial Position ["MD&A"] are in U.S. dollars and all tabular amounts are in millions of U.S. dollars, except per share figures, which are in U.S. dollars. When we use the terms "we", "us", "our" or "Magna", we are referring to Magna International Inc. and its subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities, unless the context otherwise requires.

This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2026 included in this Quarterly Report, and the audited consolidated financial statements and MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2025 included in our 2025 Annual Report to Shareholders.

This MD&A may contain statements that are forward looking. Refer to the "Forward-Looking Statements" section in this MD&A for a more detailed discussion of our use of forward-looking statements.

This MD&A has been prepared as at April 30, 2026.

HIGHLIGHTS

Comparing the first quarters of 2026 and 2025:

- Global light vehicle production decreased 7%, including 4%, 4% and 12% lower production in North America, Europe and China, respectively.
- Total sales increased 3% to \$10.4 billion, largely reflecting the strengthening of currencies against the U.S. dollar and the launch of new programs, partially offset by the end of production of certain programs, lower global light vehicle production, and lower complete vehicle assembly sales.
- Income from operations before income taxes decreased by \$138 million to \$87 million, largely reflecting a loss on assets held for sale related to the pending disposals of our Lighting and Rooftop Systems businesses. Adjusted EBIT⁽¹⁾ increased 58% to \$558 million, reflecting the benefits of operational excellence and other cost-savings initiatives, higher equity income, lower warranty costs, and net transactional foreign exchange gains, partially offset by lower earnings on lower local currency sales including engineering revenue, and higher net tariff costs.
- Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales⁽¹⁾ increased 190 basis points to 5.4%.
- Diluted loss per share was \$0.04, compared to diluted earnings per share of \$0.52 last year, and Adjusted EPS⁽¹⁾ was \$1.38, up 77% from last year. The increase in Adjusted EPS was mainly due to higher Adjusted EBIT.
- Cash from operating activities increased \$600 million to \$677 million.

In addition, during this period, we:

- Announced the sale of our Lighting and Rooftop Systems businesses within the Power & Vision segment, with closing expected in the second half of 2026;
- Returned \$575 million to shareholders, including \$440 million in share repurchases and \$135 million in dividends;
- Launched a second electric vehicle model for Guangzhou Automobile Group Co. ("GAC"), a China-based OEM, in our Complete Vehicle assembly facility in Graz, Austria; and
- Were recognized by Ethisphere as one of the World's Most Ethical Companies for 2026, the fifth consecutive year we have received this recognition.

¹ Adjusted EBIT, Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales, and Adjusted EPS are Non-GAAP financial measures. Refer to the section "Use of Non-GAAP Measures".

OVERVIEW

OUR BUSINESS

Magna is one of the world's largest automotive suppliers and a trusted partner to automakers in the industry's most critical markets—North America, Europe, and China. With a global team and footprint spanning 28 countries, we bring unmatched scale, trusted reliability, and proven execution. Backed by nearly seven decades of experience, we combine deep manufacturing expertise with innovative vehicle system technologies to deliver performance, safety, and quality. For further information about Magna (NYSE:MGA; TSX:MG), please visit www.magna.com or follow us on social.

INDUSTRY TRENDS & RISKS

Our business and operating results are dependent on light vehicle production by our customers in three key regions – North America, Europe, and China. While we supply systems and components to many original equipment manufacturers ["OEMs"] globally, we do not supply systems and components for every vehicle, nor is the value of our content consistent from one vehicle to the next. As a result, customer and program mix relative to market trends, as well as the value of our content on specific vehicle production programs, are also important drivers of our results.

Ordinarily, OEM production volumes are aligned with vehicle sales levels and thus affected by changes in such levels. Aside from vehicle sales levels, production volumes may be impacted by a range of factors, including: geopolitical factors, such as military conflicts and tariffs; supply chains, including disruption to supply of and/or increased costs of steel, aluminum, resins, and energy supplies, as well as semiconductor and memory (DRAM) chips; OEM, supplier or sub-supplier disruptions; relative currency values; commodity prices; infrastructure; labour disruptions, as well as the availability and relative cost of skilled labour; regulatory frameworks; and other factors.

Overall vehicle sales levels are significantly affected by changes in consumer confidence levels, which may in turn be impacted by consumer perceptions and general trends related to the job, housing, and stock markets, as well as other macroeconomic and political factors. Other factors which may impact vehicle sales levels and thus production volumes include: vehicle affordability; interest rates and/or availability of credit; fuel and energy prices; relative currency values; and considerations applicable to EVs, including EV range, charging infrastructure, electricity pricing, and availability of government rebates.

While the foregoing economic, political and other factors are part of the general context in which the global automotive industry operates, there are a number of significant industry trends that are shaping the future of the industry and creating opportunities and risks for automotive suppliers. We continue to implement a business strategy which is rooted in our best assessment as to the rate and direction of change in the automotive industry. Our short and medium-term operational success, as well as our ability to create long-term value through our business strategy, are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. Significant industry trends, our business strategy and the major risks we face, are discussed in our Annual Information Form ["AIF"] and Annual Report on Form 40-F ["Form 40-F"] in respect of the year ended December 31, 2025, together with subsequent filings. Those industry trends and risk factors remain substantially unchanged in respect of the first quarter ended March 31, 2026.

USE OF NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

In addition to results presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ["U.S. GAAP"], this MD&A includes the use of Adjusted earnings before interest and taxes ["Adjusted EBIT"], Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales, Adjusted diluted earnings per share ["Adjusted EPS"], Adjusted Return on Invested Capital, and Adjusted income taxes [collectively, the "Non-GAAP Measures"]. We believe these Non-GAAP financial measures provide additional information that is useful to investors in understanding our underlying performance and trends through the same financial measures employed by our management. Readers should be aware that Non-GAAP Measures have no standardized meaning under U.S. GAAP and accordingly may not be comparable to the calculation of similar measures by other companies. We believe that Adjusted EBIT, Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales, Adjusted EPS, Adjusted Return on Invested Capital, and Adjusted income taxes provide useful information to our investors for measuring our operational performance as they exclude certain items that are not reflective of ongoing operating profit and facilitate a comparison with prior periods. The presentation of any Non-GAAP Measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for our related financial results prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Non-GAAP financial measures are presented together with the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure, and a reconciliation to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure, can be found in the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures Reconciliation" and "Income Taxes" section of this MD&A.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

AVERAGE FOREIGN EXCHANGE

	For the three months ended March 31,		
	2026	2025	Change
1 Canadian dollar equals U.S. dollars	0.730	0.697	+ 5%
1 euro equals U.S. dollars	1.171	1.053	+ 11%
1 Chinese renminbi equals U.S. dollars	0.144	0.138	+ 4%

The preceding table reflects the average foreign exchange rates between the most common currencies in which we conduct business and our U.S. dollar reporting currency.

The results of operations for which the functional currency is not the U.S. dollar are translated into U.S. dollars using the average exchange rates for the relevant period. Throughout this MD&A, reference is made to the impact of translation of foreign operations on reported U.S. dollar amounts where relevant.

Our results can also be affected by the impact of movements in exchange rates on foreign currency transactions (such as raw material purchases, or sales denominated in foreign currencies). However, as a result of hedging programs employed by us, foreign currency transactions in the current period may not have been fully impacted by movements in exchange rates. We record foreign currency transactions at the hedged rate where applicable.

Finally, foreign exchange gains and losses on revaluation and/or settlement of monetary items denominated in a currency other than an operation's functional currency impact reported results. These gains and losses are recorded in selling, general and administrative expense.

LIGHT VEHICLE PRODUCTION VOLUMES

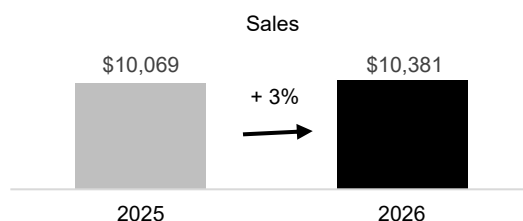
Our operating results are mostly dependent on light vehicle production in the regions reflected in the table below:

Light Vehicle Production Volumes *(thousands of units)*

	For the three months ended March 31,		
	2026	2025	Change
North America	3,542	3,696	- 4%
Europe	4,067	4,233	- 4%
China	6,225	7,060	- 12%
Other	6,653	7,027	- 5%
Global	20,487	22,016	- 7%

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS – FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

SALES



Sales increased 3%, or \$312 million, to \$10.38 billion for the first quarter of 2026 compared to \$10.07 billion for the first quarter of 2025 primarily due to:

- the net strengthening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, which increased reported U.S. dollar sales by \$520 million; and
- the launch of new programs during or subsequent to the first quarter of 2025.

These factors were partially offset by:

- the end of production of certain programs;
- lower light vehicle production in North America, Europe and China;
- lower complete vehicle assembly volumes with full-cost contractual arrangements;
- lower engineering revenue, primarily in our Complete Vehicles segment; and
- net customer price concessions subsequent to the first quarter of 2025.

COST OF GOODS SOLD

	For the three months ended March 31,		Change
	2026	2025	
Material	\$ 6,354	\$ 6,229	\$ 125
Direct labour	748	727	21
Overhead	1,856	1,871	(15)
Cost of goods sold	\$ 8,958	\$ 8,827	\$ 131

Cost of goods sold increased \$131 million to \$8.96 billion for the first quarter of 2026 compared to \$8.83 billion for the first quarter of 2025, primarily due to:

- the net strengthening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, which increased reported U.S. dollar costs of goods sold by \$452 million;
- higher net tariff costs;
- higher commodity costs; and
- higher pre-operating costs incurred at new facilities.

These factors were partially offset by:

- productivity and efficiency improvements, including the benefit of operational excellence initiatives and prior restructuring actions;
- lower material, direct labour, and overhead associated with lower local currency sales;
- lower net engineering costs on lower engineering revenue, primarily in our Complete Vehicles segment; and
- lower warranty costs.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE ["SG&A"]

SG&A expense increased \$18 million to \$557 million for the first quarter of 2026 compared to \$539 million for the first quarter of 2025, primarily as a result of:

- the net strengthening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, which increased SG&A by \$30 million;
- higher implementation costs related to operational excellence initiatives; and
- higher incentive and stock-based compensation expense.

These factors were partially offset by:

- higher net transactional foreign exchange gains in the first quarter of 2026 compared to net transactional foreign exchange losses during the first quarter of 2025; and
- lower restructuring costs.

DEPRECIATION

Depreciation increased \$34 million to \$403 million for the first quarter of 2026 compared to \$369 million for the first quarter of 2025, primarily due to the net strengthening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, which increased depreciation by \$19 million; increased capital deployed at new and existing facilities, including to support the launch of programs; and the end of production of certain programs.

AMORTIZATION OF ACQUIRED INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Amortization of acquired intangible assets decreased \$7 million to \$19 million for the first quarter of 2026 compared to \$26 million for the first quarter of 2025 primarily due to the impairment of acquired intangible assets at an Electronics facility in our Power & Vision segment during the fourth quarter of 2025, partially offset by the net strengthening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, which increased amortization of acquired intangible assets by \$2 million.

INTEREST EXPENSE, NET

During the first quarter of 2026, we recorded net interest expense of \$37 million compared to \$50 million for the first quarter of 2025. The \$13 million decrease was primarily a result of lower interest expense due to repayment of the \$100 million 3-year tranche and \$300 million 5-year tranche of the Company's syndicated, unsecured, delayed draw term loan facility; decreased short-term borrowings at lower interest rates; and higher interest income on cash and investments due to increased balances. These factors were partially offset by higher net interest expense on Senior Notes issued during the second quarter of 2025, compared to Senior Notes repaid during the second and third quarter of 2025.

EQUITY INCOME

Equity income increased \$75 million to \$95 million for the first quarter of 2026 compared to \$20 million for the first quarter of 2025, primarily as a result of:

- a favourable commercial item within our Power & Vision segment during the first quarter of 2026;
- earnings on higher sales and favourable product mix at certain entities; and
- net productivity and efficiency improvements.

OTHER EXPENSE, NET

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Loss on assets held for sale ⁽¹⁾	\$ 485	\$ —
Restructuring activities ⁽²⁾	26	44
Investments ⁽³⁾	(96)	9
Other expense, net	\$ 415	\$ 53

(1) Loss on assets held for sale

Sale of Lighting Business

During the first quarter of 2026, we entered into a definitive agreement to sell our European Lighting business to Mutares SE & Co. KGaA. Under the terms of the agreement, we are required to provide the buyer with an agreed upon amount of funding. Fair value less costs to sell was estimated to be negative \$23 million, resulting in an impairment loss of \$73 million [\$73 million after tax], subject to customary closing adjustments.

During the first quarter of 2026, we committed to a plan to sell our Lighting business in North America, South America, and China. Subsequent to March 31, 2026, we entered into a definitive agreement with AURELIUS Investment Lux Alpha SARL to sell the business. Fair value less costs to sell was estimated to be \$66 million, resulting in an impairment loss of \$345 million [\$312 million after tax], subject to customary closing adjustments and potential earn-out payments.

Sale of Rooftop Systems Business

During the first quarter of 2026, we entered into a definitive agreement to sell our Rooftop Systems business to Mutares SE & Co. KGaA. Under the terms of the agreement, we are required to provide the buyer with an agreed upon amount of funding. Fair value less costs to sell was estimated to be negative \$25 million, resulting in an impairment loss of \$67 million [\$67 million after tax], subject to customary closing adjustments and potential earn-out payments.

These businesses are reported within our Power & Vision segment. The following table summarizes the total impairment loss recognized during the first quarter of 2026:

	Lighting	Rooftop Systems	Total
Total asset impairment	\$ 416	\$ 67	\$ 483
Costs to sell incurred during the first quarter of 2026	2	—	2
Total impairment loss	\$ 418	\$ 67	\$ 485

(2) Restructuring activities

In the first quarter of 2026, we recorded restructuring charges of \$21 million [\$20 million after tax] in our Complete Vehicles segment related to rightsizing activities at a facility in Europe, and \$5 million [\$5 million after tax] in our Power & Vision segment related to plant closures and consolidations at facilities in Europe.

In the first quarter of 2025, we recorded restructuring charges of \$33 million [\$33 million after tax] in our Complete Vehicles segment related to rightsizing activities at a facility in Europe, and \$11 million [\$11 million after tax] in our Power & Vision segment related to significant rightsizing activities and plant consolidations at facilities in Europe.

(3) Investments

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Net revaluation (gain) loss on public and private equity investments	\$ (110)	\$ 2
Non-cash impairment charge	14	—
Revaluation loss on public company warrants	—	8
Gain on sales of public equity investments	—	(1)
Other (income) expense, net	(96)	9
Tax effect	—	(1)
Net (gain) loss attributable to Magna	\$ (96)	\$ 8

During the first quarter of 2026, we recorded an unrealized gain of \$108 million [\$108 million after tax] resulting from the revaluation of our existing private equity investment in Waymo LLC ("Waymo") following Waymo's completion of a new financing round. The non-cash impairment charge relates to the impairment of a private equity investment.

INCOME FROM OPERATIONS BEFORE INCOME TAXES

Income from operations before income taxes was \$87 million for the first quarter of 2026 compared to \$225 million for the first quarter of 2025. The \$138 million decrease is a result of the following changes, each as discussed above:

	For the three months ended March 31,		Change ⁽ⁱ⁾
	2026	2025	
Sales	\$ 10,381	\$ 10,069	\$ 312
Costs and expenses			
Cost of goods sold	8,958	8,827	(131)
Selling, general & administrative	557	539	(18)
Depreciation	403	369	(34)
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	19	26	7
Interest expense, net	37	50	13
Equity income	(95)	(20)	75
Other expense, net	415	53	(362)
Income from operations before income taxes	\$ 87	\$ 225	\$ (138)

(i) Change represents the increase (decrease) on Income from operations before income taxes.

INCOME TAXES

	For the three months ended March 31,			
	2026		2025	
Income taxes as reported	\$ 88	101.1%	\$ 72	32.0%
Tax effect on Other expense, net and Amortization of acquired intangible assets	36	(77.3)	6	(6.3)
Adjusted income taxes	\$ 124	23.8%	\$ 78	25.7%

Excluding the tax effect on Other expense, net and Amortization of acquired intangible assets, our effective income tax rate decreased to 23.8% for the first quarter of 2026, compared to 25.7% for the first quarter of 2025, primarily due to a change in mix of earnings, lower losses not benefitted in Europe and the net favourable impact of foreign exchange adjustments recognized for U.S. GAAP purposes on a year-over-year basis. These factors were partially offset by unfavourable changes in our reserves for uncertain tax positions.

INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

Income attributable to non-controlling interests was \$11 million for the first quarter of 2026 compared to \$7 million for the first quarter of 2025. The \$4 million increase was primarily due to the acquisition of the non-controlling 35% interest in a consolidated subsidiary, which had losses during the third quarter of 2025, prior to the acquisition. This factor was partially offset by lower income at certain entities in China.

NET (LOSS) INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.

Net (loss) income attributable to Magna International Inc. was a loss of \$12 million for the first quarter of 2026 compared to income of \$146 million for the first quarter of 2025. This \$158 million decrease was as a result of a decrease in income from operations before income taxes of \$138 million, an increase in income taxes of \$16 million, and an increase in income attributable to non-controlling interests of \$4 million.

(LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE



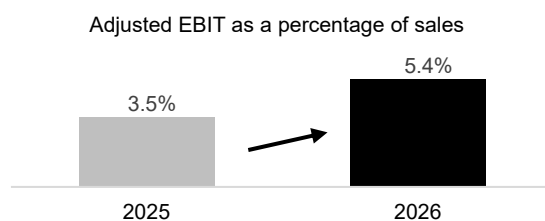
	For the three months ended March 31,		
	2026	2025	% Change
(Loss) earnings per Common Share			
Basic	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.52	—
Diluted	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.52	—
Weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding (millions)			
Basic	278.1	282.0	- 1%
Diluted	278.1	282.0	- 1%
Adjusted EPS	\$ 1.38	\$ 0.78	+ 77%

Diluted loss per share was \$0.04 for the first quarter of 2026, compared to diluted earnings per share of \$0.52 for the first quarter of 2025. The \$0.56 decrease was driven primarily by lower net income attributable to Magna International Inc., as discussed above, and a slight decrease in the weighted average number of diluted shares outstanding as a result of the purchase and cancellation of Common Shares subsequent to the first quarter of 2025, pursuant to our normal course issuer bid, partially offset by the exercise of stock options during the same period.

Other expense, net, and Amortization of acquired intangible assets, each after tax, negatively impacted diluted earnings per share by \$1.42 in the first quarter of 2026 and \$0.26 in the first quarter of 2025, respectively. Adjusted EPS, as reconciled in the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures Reconciliation" section, was \$1.38 for the first quarter of 2026, compared to \$0.78 for the first quarter of 2025, an increase of \$0.60 or 77%.

NON-GAAP PERFORMANCE MEASURES – FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2026

ADJUSTED EBIT AS A PERCENTAGE OF SALES



The table below shows the change in Magna's Sales and Adjusted EBIT by segment, as well as the impact each segment's changes had on Magna's Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales, for the first quarter of 2026 compared to the first quarter of 2025:

	Sales	Adjusted EBIT	Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales
First quarter of 2025	\$ 10,069	\$ 354	3.5%
Increase (decrease) related to:			
Body Exteriors & Structures	113	44	+ 0.4%
Power & Vision	235	128	+ 1.2%
Seating Systems	28	55	+ 0.5%
Complete Vehicles	(52)	(12)	- 0.1%
Corporate and Other	(12)	(11)	- 0.1%
First quarter of 2026	\$ 10,381	\$ 558	5.4%

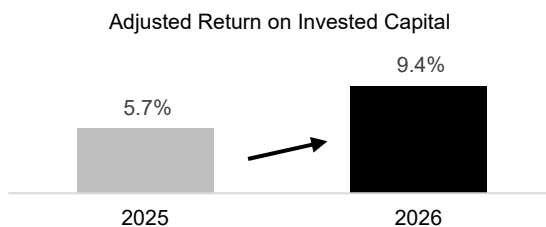
Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales increased to 5.4% for the first quarter of 2026 compared to 3.5% for the first quarter of 2025 primarily due to:

- productivity and efficiency improvements, including the benefit of operational excellence initiatives and prior restructuring actions;
- higher equity income, including a favourable commercial item within our Power & Vision segment during the first quarter of 2026;
- lower warranty costs;
- net transactional foreign exchange gains in the first quarter of 2026, compared to net transactional foreign exchange losses in the first quarter of 2025; and
- net commercial items, which had a favourable impact on a year-over-year basis.

These factors were partially offset by:

- higher net tariff costs;
- lower income on lower engineering revenue;
- reduced earnings on lower local currency sales; and
- net unfavourable product mix.

ADJUSTED RETURN ON INVESTED CAPITAL



Adjusted Return on Invested Capital increased to 9.4% for the first quarter of 2026, compared to 5.7% for the first quarter of 2025, as a result of an increase in Adjusted After-tax operating profits, and lower Average Invested Capital.

Average Invested Capital decreased \$558 million to \$18.02 billion for the first quarter of 2026, compared to \$18.58 billion for the first quarter of 2025, primarily due to:

- long-lived asset impairments during or subsequent to the first quarter of 2025;
- average depreciation expense on fixed assets in excess of average investment in fixed assets; and
- average amortization expense on operating lease right-of-use assets in excess of average investment in operating lease right-of-use assets.

These factors were partially offset by:

- the net strengthening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar;
- a decrease in average operating assets and liabilities; and
- higher net investments in public and private equity companies.

SEGMENT ANALYSIS

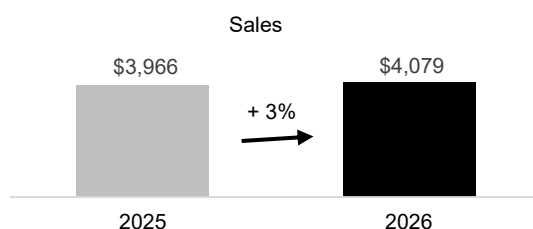
We are a global automotive supplier that has complete vehicle engineering and contract manufacturing expertise, as well as product capabilities which include body, chassis, exterior, seating, powertrain, active driver assistance, electronics, mechatronics, mirrors, lighting and roof systems. We also have electronic and software capabilities across many of these areas.

Our reporting segments are: Body Exteriors & Structures; Power & Vision; Seating Systems; and Complete Vehicles.

	For the three months ended March 31,					
	Sales			Adjusted EBIT		
	2026	2025	Change	2026	2025	Change
Body Exteriors & Structures	\$ 4,079	\$ 3,966	\$ 113	\$ 274	\$ 230	\$ 44
Power & Vision	3,881	3,646	235	252	124	128
Seating Systems	1,340	1,312	28	25	(30)	55
Complete Vehicles	1,224	1,276	(52)	32	44	(12)
Corporate and Other	(143)	(131)	(12)	(25)	(14)	(11)
Total reportable segments	\$ 10,381	\$ 10,069	\$ 312	\$ 558	\$ 354	\$ 204

BODY EXTERIORS & STRUCTURES

	For the three months ended March 31,			Change
	2026	2025		
Sales	\$ 4,079	\$ 3,966	\$ 113	+ 3%
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 274	\$ 230	\$ 44	+ 19%
Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales	6.7%	5.8%		+ 0.9%



Sales – Body Exteriors & Structures

Sales increased 3%, or \$113 million, to \$4.08 billion for the first quarter of 2026, compared to \$3.97 billion for the first quarter of 2025, primarily due to:

- the net strengthening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, which increased reported U.S. dollar sales by \$145 million;
- the launch of programs during or subsequent to the first quarter of 2025; and
- net commercial items, which had a favourable impact on a year-over-year basis.

These factors were partially offset by:

- lower light vehicle production in North America, Europe and China;
- the end of production of certain programs; and
- net customer price concessions.



Adjusted EBIT and Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales – Body Exteriors & Structures

Adjusted EBIT increased \$44 million to \$274 million for the first quarter of 2026, compared to \$230 million for the first quarter of 2025, and Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales increased to 6.7% from 5.8%. These increases were primarily due to:

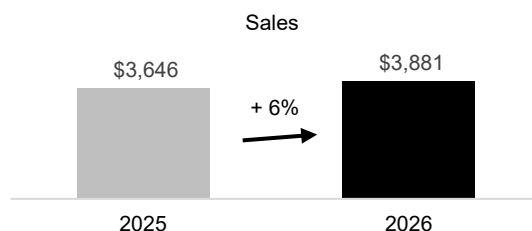
- productivity and efficiency improvements, including the benefit of operational excellence initiatives and prior restructuring actions;
- net commercial items, which had a favourable impact on a year-over-year basis;
- net transactional foreign exchange gains in the first quarter of 2026, compared to net transactional foreign exchange losses in the first quarter of 2025; and
- the net strengthening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, which had an \$8 million favourable impact on reported U.S. dollar Adjusted EBIT.

These factors were partially offset by:

- reduced earnings on lower local currency sales;
- net unfavourable product mix; and
- higher commodity costs partially offset by higher scrap recoveries.

POWER & VISION

	For the three months ended March 31,		Change	
	2026	2025		
Sales	\$ 3,881	\$ 3,646	\$ 235	+ 6%
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 252	\$ 124	\$ 128	+ 103%
Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales	6.5%	3.4%		+ 3.1%



Sales – Power & Vision

Sales increased 6%, or \$235 million, to \$3.88 billion for the first quarter of 2026, compared to \$3.65 billion for the first quarter of 2025, primarily due to:

- the net strengthening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, which increased reported U.S. dollar sales by \$211 million; and
- the launch of programs during or subsequent to the first quarter of 2025.

These factors were partially offset by:

- lower light vehicle production in North America, Europe and China;
- the end of production of certain programs; and
- net customer price concessions.



Adjusted EBIT and Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales – Power & Vision

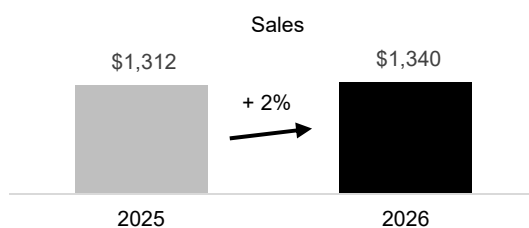
Adjusted EBIT increased \$128 million to \$252 million for the first quarter of 2026, compared to \$124 million for the first quarter of 2025, and Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales increased to 6.5% from 3.4%. These increases were primarily due to:

- productivity and efficiency improvements, including the benefit of operational excellence initiatives and prior restructuring actions;
- higher equity income of \$70 million, including a favourable commercial item during the first quarter of 2026;
- net transactional foreign exchange gains in the first quarter of 2026, compared to net transactional foreign exchange losses in the first quarter of 2025;
- the net strengthening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, which had an \$8 million favourable impact on reported U.S. dollar Adjusted EBIT; and
- earnings on higher local currency sales.

These factors were partially offset by higher net tariff costs and net unfavourable product mix.

SEATING SYSTEMS

	For the three months ended March 31,		Change	
	2026	2025		
Sales	\$ 1,340	\$ 1,312	\$ 28	+ 2%
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 25	\$ (30)	\$ 55	—
Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales	1.9%	(2.3%)		+ 4.2%



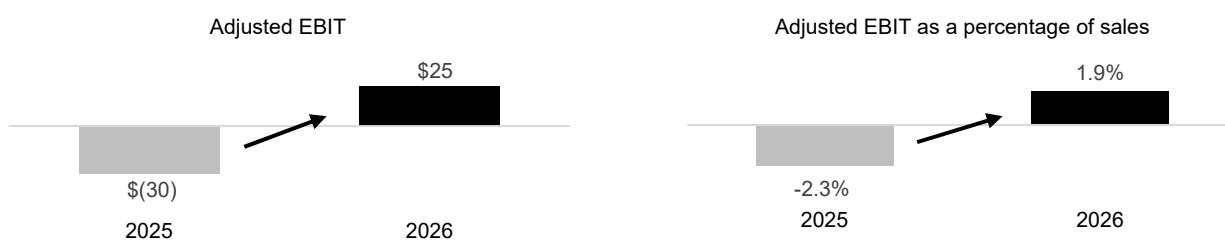
Sales – Seating Systems

Sales increased 2%, or \$28 million, to \$1.34 billion for the first quarter of 2026, compared to \$1.31 billion for the first quarter of 2025, primarily due to:

- the launch of programs during or subsequent to the first quarter of 2025;
- the net strengthening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, which increased reported U.S. dollar sales by \$56 million; and
- net commercial items, which had a favourable impact on a year-over-year basis.

These factors were partially offset by:

- lower light vehicle production in North America, Europe and China;
- the end of production of certain programs; and
- net customer price concessions.



Adjusted EBIT and Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales – Seating Systems

Adjusted EBIT increased \$55 million to \$25 million for the first quarter of 2026, compared to a loss of \$30 million for the first quarter of 2025, and Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales increased to 1.9% from -2.3%. These increases were primarily due to:

- lower warranty costs of \$32 million;
- productivity and efficiency improvements, including the benefit of operational excellence initiatives and prior restructuring actions;
- net commercial items, which had a favourable impact on a year-over-year basis;
- net transactional foreign exchange gains in the first quarter of 2026, compared to net transactional foreign exchange losses in the first quarter of 2025;
- lower pre-operating costs incurred at new facilities; and
- higher equity income.

These factors were partially offset by reduced earnings on lower local currency sales.

COMPLETE VEHICLES

	For the three months ended March 31,		Change	
	2026	2025		
Complete Vehicle Assembly Volumes (thousands of units)⁽ⁱ⁾	24.8	17.4	+ 7.4	+ 43%
Sales	\$ 1,224	\$ 1,276	\$ (52)	- 4%
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 32	\$ 44	\$ (12)	- 27%
Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales	2.6%	3.4%		- 0.8%

(i) Vehicles produced at our Complete Vehicle operations are included in Europe Light Vehicle Production volumes.



Sales – Complete Vehicles

Sales decreased 4%, or \$52 million, to \$1.22 billion for the first quarter of 2026, compared to \$1.28 billion for the first quarter of 2025, while complete vehicle assembly volumes increased 43%. The increase in volumes was primarily due to higher volumes with value-added contractual arrangements.

The decrease in sales is primarily a result of lower complete vehicle assembly volumes with full-costed contractual arrangements, and lower engineering revenue. These factors were partially offset by a \$120 million increase in reported U.S. dollar sales as a result of the strengthening of the euro against the U.S. dollar, and the launch of certain programs with value-added contractual arrangements during the third quarter of 2025.



Adjusted EBIT and Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales – Complete Vehicles

Adjusted EBIT decreased \$12 million to \$32 million for the first quarter of 2026, compared to \$44 million for the first quarter of 2025, and Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales decreased to 2.6% from 3.4%.

These decreases were primarily due to lower income on lower engineering revenue.

This factor was partially offset by:

- productivity and efficiency improvements, including the benefit of operational excellence initiatives and prior restructuring actions;
- higher earnings due to net favourable program mix; and
- the net strengthening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, which had a \$3 million favourable impact on reported U.S. dollar Adjusted EBIT.

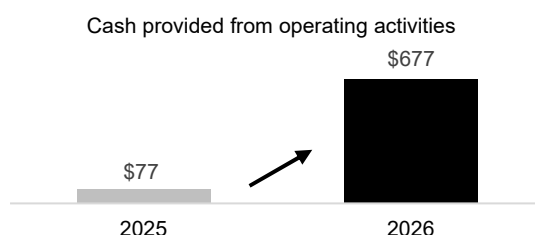
CORPORATE AND OTHER

Adjusted EBIT was a loss of \$25 million for the first quarter of 2026 compared to a loss of \$14 million for the first quarter of 2025. The \$11 million decrease was primarily the result of:

- higher consulting and legal costs;
- higher incentive and stock-based compensation expense; and
- higher investments in research and development.

FINANCIAL CONDITION, LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

OPERATING ACTIVITIES



	For the three months ended March 31,		Change
	2026	2025	
Net (loss) income	\$ (1)	\$ 153	
Items not involving current cash flows	638	394	\$ 90
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	40	(470)	510
Cash provided from operating activities	\$ 677	\$ 77	\$ 600

Cash provided from operating activities

Comparing the first quarter of 2026 to 2025, cash provided from operating activities increased by \$600 million primarily as a result of higher changes in operating assets and liabilities, and higher items not involving current cash flows, partially offset by lower net income. The key components of this increase were:

- a \$341 million decrease in cash paid for materials and overhead;
- a \$232 million increase in cash received from customers;
- a \$31 million decrease in cash taxes; and
- a \$13 million decrease in cash interest paid.

These factors were partially offset by a \$15 million decrease in dividends received from equity investments.

Changes in operating assets and liabilities

During the first quarter of 2026, we generated \$40 million from operating assets and liabilities primarily consisting of:

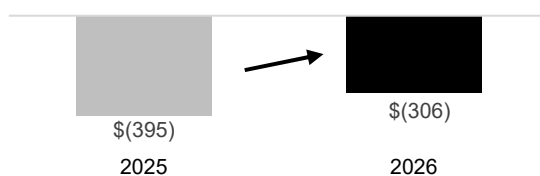
- a \$568 million increase in accounts payable;
- a \$178 million decrease in tooling investment for current and upcoming program launches;
- a \$174 million increase in other accrued liabilities;
- a \$69 million increase in accrued wages and salaries;
- a \$12 million decrease in prepaids and other; and
- a \$9 million increase in taxes payable.

These factors were partially offset by:

- a \$1,432 million increase in production and other receivables, partially offset by \$475 million collection of customer recoveries; and
- a \$13 million increase in production inventory.

INVESTING ACTIVITIES

Cash used for investing activities



	For the three months ended March 31,		Change
	2026	2025	
Fixed asset additions	\$ (219)	\$ (268)	
Acquisitions	—	(4)	
Increase in investments, other assets and intangible assets	(168)	(148)	
Increase in public and private equity investments	(1)	(1)	
Proceeds from dispositions of fixed assets, other assets and investments	82	26	
Cash used for investing activities	\$ (306)	\$ (395)	\$ 89

Cash used for investing activities in the first quarter of 2026 was \$89 million lower compared to the first quarter of 2025. The change between the first quarter of 2026, and the first quarter of 2025, was primarily due to: a \$56 million increase in proceeds from dispositions of fixed assets, other assets and investments, and a \$49 million decrease in cash used for fixed assets. These factors were partially offset by a \$20 million increase in cash used for investments, other assets and intangible assets due to an \$80 million increase in an equity method investment offset by a \$60 million decrease in other assets and intangible assets.

FINANCING ACTIVITIES

	For the three months ended March 31,		Change
	2026	2025	
Issues of debt	\$ 2	\$ 1	
Increase in short-term borrowings	143	328	
Repayments of debt	(10)	(7)	
Issue of Common Shares on exercise of stock options	86	—	
Tax withholdings on vesting of equity awards	(9)	(4)	
Repurchase of Common Shares	(440)	(51)	
Dividends paid	(135)	(136)	
Cash (used for) provided by financing activities	\$ (363)	\$ 131	\$ (494)

Short-term borrowings increased \$143 million during the first quarter of 2026, primarily due to a \$135 million increase in notes outstanding under the U.S. commercial paper program.

During the first quarter of 2026, we repurchased 7.6 million Common Shares under normal course issuer bids for aggregate cash consideration of \$440 million.

Cash dividends paid per Common Share were \$0.495 for the first quarter of 2026, compared to \$0.485 for the first quarter of 2025.

FINANCING RESOURCES

	As at March 31, 2026	As at December 31, 2025	Change
Liabilities			
Short-term borrowing	\$ 136	\$ —	
Long-term debt due within one year	20	27	
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	328	328	
Long-term debt	4,643	4,685	
Operating lease liabilities	1,573	1,649	
	\$ 6,700	\$ 6,689	\$ 11

Financial liabilities increased \$11 million to \$6.70 billion as at March 31, 2026, primarily as a result of an increase in notes outstanding under the U.S. commercial paper program. This increase was partially offset by the weakening of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar.

CASH RESOURCES

In the first quarter of 2026, our cash resources, including restricted cash equivalents, increased by \$16 million to \$1.6 billion, primarily as a result of cash provided from operating activities, partially offset by cash used for investing and financing activities. In addition to our cash resources at March 31, 2026, we had lines of credit totaling \$3.7 billion, of which \$3.4 billion was available.

On January 12, 2026, our \$350 million 3-year tranche syndicated, unsecured, delayed draw term loan facility expired with no amount drawn.

On April 22, 2026, we extended the maturity date of our \$800 million 364-day syndicated revolving credit facility from June 24, 2026, to June 24, 2027. The facility can be drawn in U.S. dollars or Canadian dollars. As of March 31, 2026, no amounts are outstanding under this credit facility.

On April 22, 2026, we extended the maturity date of our \$2.7 billion syndicated revolving credit facility from June 25, 2030 to June 25, 2031. As at March 31, 2026, no amounts are outstanding under this credit facility.

MAXIMUM NUMBER OF SHARES ISSUABLE

The following table presents the maximum number of shares that would be outstanding if all the dilutive instruments outstanding at April 30, 2026 were exercised:

Common Shares	272,224,550
Stock options ⁽ⁱ⁾ and share awards	4,559,643
	276,784,193

(i) Options to purchase Common Shares are exercisable by the holder in accordance with the vesting provisions and upon payment of the exercise price as may be determined from time to time pursuant to our stock option plans.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

There have been no material changes with respect to the contractual obligations requiring annual payments during the first quarter of 2026 that are outside the ordinary course of our business. Refer to our MD&A included in our 2025 Annual Report.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES RECONCILIATION

The reconciliation of Non-GAAP financial measures is as follows:

ADJUSTED EBIT

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Net (Loss) Income	\$ (1)	\$ 153
Add:		
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	19	26
Interest expense, net	37	50
Other expense, net	415	53
Income taxes	88	72
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 558	\$ 354

ADJUSTED EBIT AS A PERCENTAGE OF SALES

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Sales	\$ 10,381	\$ 10,069
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 558	\$ 354
Adjusted EBIT as a percentage of sales	5.4%	3.5%

ADJUSTED EPS

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Net (loss) income attributable to Magna International Inc.	\$ (12)	\$ 146
Add (deduct):		
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	19	26
Other expense, net	415	53
Tax effect on Amortization of acquired intangible assets and Other expense, net	(36)	(6)
Adjusted net income attributable to Magna International Inc.	\$ 386	\$ 219
Diluted weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding during the period (millions)	278.1	282.0
Adjusted Dilutive impact of stock option and share awards ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	1.8	—
Adjusted diluted weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding during the period (millions)	279.9	282.0
Adjusted EPS	\$ 1.38	\$ 0.78

(ii) During the first quarter of 2026, we generated Adjusted net income attributable to Magna International Inc. while reporting a net loss attributable to Magna International Inc. As a result, certain stock-based compensation awards are dilutive for Adjusted EPS and are included in the adjusted diluted weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding. The dilutive impact was determined using the treasury stock method.

ADJUSTED RETURN ON INVESTED CAPITAL

Adjusted Return on Invested Capital is calculated as Adjusted After-tax operating profits divided by Average Invested Capital for the period. Average Invested Capital for the three month period is averaged on a two-fiscal quarter basis.

	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Net (Loss) Income	\$ (1)	\$ 153
Add (deduct):		
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	19	26
Interest expense, net	37	50
Other expense, net	415	53
Tax effect on Interest expense, net, Amortization of acquired intangible assets and Other expense, net	(45)	(19)
Adjusted After-tax operating profits	\$ 425	\$ 263
	As at March 31,	
	2026	2025
Total Assets	\$ 31,660	\$ 32,074
Excluding:		
Cash and cash equivalents	(1,605)	(1,059)
Deferred tax assets	(881)	(862)
Less Current Liabilities	(11,923)	(13,068)
Excluding:		
Short-term borrowing	136	614
Long-term debt due within one year	20	1,005
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	328	305
Invested Capital	\$ 17,735	\$ 19,009
	For the three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Adjusted After-tax operating profits	\$ 425	\$ 263
Average Invested Capital	\$ 18,021	\$ 18,579
Adjusted Return on Invested Capital	9.4%	5.7%

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

NORMAL COURSE ISSUER BID

Subsequent to March 31, 2026, we purchased 2,300,000 Common Shares for cancellation under our existing normal course issuer bid for cash consideration of \$136 million.

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, we may be contingently liable for litigation, legal and/or regulatory actions and proceedings, and other claims. Refer to Note 15, "Contingencies" of our unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2026.

For a discussion of risk factors relating to legal and other claims/actions against us, refer to "Risk Factors" in our Annual Information Form, filed with the securities commissions in Canada, our Annual Report on Form 40-F, filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, each in respect of the year ended December 31, 2025, and updated in our subsequent quarterly filings.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

There have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the three months ended March 31, 2026, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this MD&A may constitute "forward-looking information" or "forward-looking statements" (collectively, "forward-looking statements"). Any such forward-looking statements are intended to provide information about management's current expectations and plans and may not be appropriate for other purposes. Forward-looking statements may include financial and other projections, as well as statements regarding our future plans, strategic objectives or economic performance, or the assumptions underlying any of the foregoing, and other statements that are not recitations of historical fact. We use words such as "may", "would", "could", "should", "will", "likely", "expect", "anticipate", "assume", "believe", "intend", "plan", "aim", "forecast", "outlook", "project", "potential", "estimate", "target" and similar expressions suggesting future outcomes or events to identify forward-looking statements.

Forward-looking statements are based on information currently available to us and are based on assumptions and analyses made by us in light of our experience and our perception of historical trends, current conditions and expected future developments, as well as other factors we believe are appropriate in the circumstances. While we believe we have a reasonable basis for making any such forward-looking statements, they are not a guarantee of future performance or outcomes. Whether actual results and developments conform to our expectations and predictions is subject to a number of risks, assumptions, and uncertainties, many of which are beyond our control, and the effects of which can be difficult to predict, including, without limitation:

Macroeconomic, Geopolitical and Other Risks

- geopolitical crises and military conflicts;
- threats to free trade agreements;
- international trade disputes;
- planning and forecasting challenges;
- interest rate levels;

Risks Related to the Automotive Industry

- pace of EV adoption;
- North American EV program deferrals, cancellations and volume reductions;
- economic cyclicalities;
- regional production volume declines;
- deteriorating vehicle affordability;
- intense competition;

Strategic Risks

- evolution of the vehicle;
- evolving business risk profile;
- technology and innovation;
- investments in mobility and technology companies;

Customer-Related Risks

- customer concentration;
- market shifts;
- evolving OEM competitive landscape;
- dependence on outsourcing;
- consumer take rate shifts;
- nature of customer blanket purchase orders;
- potential OEM production-related disruptions;

Supply Chain Risks

- supply chain disruptions;
- regional energy supply and pricing;
- financial condition of supply base;
- supplier claims;

Manufacturing/Operational Risks

- product launch;
- operational underperformance;
- restructuring costs;
- impairments;
- skilled labour attraction/retention;

Pricing Risks

- quote/pricing assumptions;
- customer pricing pressure/contractual arrangements;
- commodity cost volatility;
- scrap steel/aluminum price volatility;

Warranty/Recall Risks

- repair/replace costs;
- warranty provisions;
- product liability;

IT Security/Cybersecurity Risks

- IT/cybersecurity breach;
- product cybersecurity breach;
- risks related to the use of artificial intelligence;

Merger and Acquisition Risks

- inherent merger and acquisition risks;
- acquisition integration and synergies;

Other Business Risks

- joint ventures;
- intellectual property;
- risks of doing business in foreign markets;
- tax risks;
- relative foreign exchange rates;
- returns on capital investments;
- financial flexibility;
- credit ratings changes;
- stock price fluctuation;

Legal and Regulatory Risks

- legal and regulatory proceedings; and
- changes in laws.

In evaluating forward-looking statements, we caution readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statement. Additionally, readers should specifically consider the various factors which could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those indicated by such forward-looking statements, including the risks, assumptions and uncertainties above which are:

- discussed under the "Industry Trends and Risks" heading of our Management's Discussion and Analysis; and

- set out in our Annual Information Form filed with securities commissions in Canada, our annual report on Form 40-F filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, and subsequent filings.

Readers should also consider discussion of our risk mitigation activities with respect to certain risk factors, which can also be found in our Annual Information Form. Additional information about Magna, including our Annual Information Form, is available through the System for Electronic Data Analysis and Retrieval+ (SEDAR+) at www.sedarplus.ca, as well as on the United States Securities and Exchange Commission's Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval System (EDGAR), which can be accessed at www.sec.gov.

MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF (LOSS) INCOME

[Unaudited]

[U.S. dollars in millions, except per share figures]

	Note	Three months ended	
		March 31,	
		2026	2025
Sales	17	\$ 10,381	\$ 10,069
Costs and expenses			
Cost of goods sold		8,958	8,827
Selling, general and administrative		557	539
Depreciation		403	369
Amortization of acquired intangible assets		19	26
Interest expense, net		37	50
Equity income		(95)	(20)
Other expense, net	3	415	53
Income from operations before income taxes		87	225
Income taxes	12	88	72
Net (loss) income		(1)	153
Income attributable to non-controlling interests		(11)	(7)
Net (loss) income attributable to Magna International Inc.		\$ (12)	\$ 146
(Loss) Earnings per Common Share:	4		
Basic		\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.52
Diluted		\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.52
Cash dividends paid per Common Share		\$ 0.495	\$ 0.485
Weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding during the period [in millions]:	4		
Basic		278.1	282.0
Diluted		278.1	282.0

See accompanying notes

MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME***[Unaudited]**[U.S. dollars in millions]*

	Note	Three months ended	
		March 31,	
		2026	2025
Net (loss) income		\$ (1)	\$ 153
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:	14		
Net unrealized (loss) gain on translation of net investment in foreign operations		(54)	187
Net unrealized (loss) gain on cash flow hedges		(6)	49
Reclassification of net (gain) loss on cash flow hedges to net income		(13)	16
Pension and post retirement benefits		(1)	—
Reclassification of net loss on pensions to net income		—	1
Other comprehensive (loss) income		(74)	253
Comprehensive (loss) income		(75)	406
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests		(13)	(8)
Comprehensive (loss) income attributable to Magna International Inc.		\$ (88)	\$ 398

See accompanying notes

MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

[Unaudited]
[U.S. dollars in millions]

	Note	As at March 31, 2026	As at December 31, 2025
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	\$ 1,605	\$ 1,612
Accounts receivable		8,215	7,593
Inventories	7	3,964	4,126
Prepaid expenses and other	5, 6	405	407
Assets held for sale	2	316	—
		14,505	13,738
Investments	8	1,289	1,103
Fixed assets, net		9,012	9,507
Operating lease right-of-use assets		1,865	1,928
Intangible assets, net		454	490
Goodwill		2,464	2,512
Other assets	9	1,190	1,275
Deferred tax assets		881	864
		\$ 31,660	\$ 31,417
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowing	11	\$ 136	\$ —
Long-term debt due within one year		20	27
Accounts payable		7,216	6,895
Other accrued liabilities	10	2,878	2,745
Accrued salaries and wages		920	888
Income taxes payable		129	106
Current portion of operating lease liabilities		328	328
Liabilities held for sale	2	296	—
		11,923	10,989
Long-term debt	11	4,643	4,685
Operating lease liabilities		1,573	1,649
Long-term employee benefit liabilities		530	554
Other long-term liabilities		426	399
Deferred tax liabilities		293	302
		19,388	18,578
Shareholders' equity			
Common Shares [issued: 274,424,550; December 31, 2025 – 280,242,006]	13	3,383	3,352
Contributed surplus		117	142
Retained earnings		9,246	9,765
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	14	(833)	(766)
		11,913	12,493
Non-controlling interests	6	359	346
		12,272	12,839
		\$ 31,660	\$ 31,417

See accompanying notes

MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

[Unaudited]
[U.S. dollars in millions]

	Note	Three months ended	
		March 31,	
		2026	2025
Cash (used for) provided from:			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net (loss) income		\$ (1)	\$ 153
Items not involving current cash flows	5	638	394
		637	547
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	5	40	(470)
Cash provided from operating activities		677	77
INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES			
Fixed asset additions		(219)	(268)
Acquisitions		—	(4)
Increase in investments, other assets and intangible assets		(168)	(148)
Increase in public and private equity investments		(1)	(1)
Proceeds from dispositions of fixed assets, other assets and investments		82	26
Cash used for investing activities		(306)	(395)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Issues of debt	11	2	1
Increase in short-term borrowing		143	328
Repayments of debt		(10)	(7)
Issue of Common Shares on exercise of stock options		86	—
Tax withholdings on vesting of equity awards		(9)	(4)
Repurchase of Common Shares	13	(440)	(51)
Dividends		(135)	(136)
Cash (used for) provided by financing activities		(363)	131
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		8	(1)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents during the period		16	(188)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		1,612	1,247
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	5	\$ 1,628	\$ 1,059

See accompanying notes

MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

[Unaudited]
[U.S. dollars in millions]

	Note	Common Shares		Contri- buted Surplus	Retained Earnings	AOCL ⁽ⁱ⁾	Non- controlling Interest	Total Equity
		Number	Stated Value					
		<i>[in millions]</i>						
Balance, December 31, 2025		280.3	\$ 3,352	\$ 142	\$ 9,765	\$ (766)	\$ 346	\$ 12,839
Net (loss) income					(12)		11	(1)
Other comprehensive (loss) income						(76)	2	(74)
Shares issued on exercise of stock options		1.6	105	(19)				86
Release of stock and stock units		0.4	21	(21)				—
Tax withholdings on vesting of equity awards		(0.2)	(2)		(7)			(9)
Repurchase and cancellation under normal course issuer bid	13	(7.6)	(95)		(363)	9		(449)
Stock-based compensation expense				17				17
Acquisition of non-controlling interest				(2)				(2)
Dividends paid			2		(137)			(135)
Balance, March 31, 2026		274.5	\$ 3,383	\$ 117	\$ 9,246	\$ (833)	\$ 359	\$ 12,272

	Note	Common Shares		Contri- buted Surplus	Retained Earnings	AOCL ⁽ⁱ⁾	Non- controlling Interest	Total Equity
		Number	Stated Value					
		<i>[in millions]</i>						
Balance, December 31, 2024		282.9	\$ 3,359	\$ 149	\$ 9,598	\$ (1,584)	\$ 418	\$ 11,940
Net income					146		7	153
Other comprehensive income						252	1	253
Release of stock and stock units		0.2	18	(18)				—
Tax withholdings on vesting of equity awards		(0.1)	(1)		(3)			(4)
Repurchase and cancellation under normal course issuer bid	13	(1.3)	(16)		(38)	2		(52)
Stock-based compensation expense				12				12
Dividends paid			2		(138)			(136)
Balance, March 31, 2025		281.7	\$ 3,362	\$ 143	\$ 9,565	\$ (1,330)	\$ 426	\$ 12,166

(i) AOCL is Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss.

See accompanying notes

MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Unaudited]

[All amounts in U.S. dollars and all tabular amounts in millions unless otherwise noted]

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

[a] Basis of Presentation

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of Magna International Inc. and its subsidiaries [collectively "Magna" or the "Company"] have been prepared in U.S. dollars in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ["GAAP"]. The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not conform in all respects to the requirements of GAAP for annual financial statements. Accordingly, these unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2025 audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's 2025 Annual Report.

The unaudited interim consolidated financial statements reflect all adjustments, which consist only of normal and recurring adjustments, necessary to present fairly the financial position as at March 31, 2026 and the results of operations, changes in equity, and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2026 and 2025.

[b] Use of Estimates

The preparation of the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported and disclosed in the interim consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Unaudited]

[All amounts in U.S. dollars and all tabular amounts in millions unless otherwise noted]

2. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE

Sale of Lighting Business

During the first quarter of 2026, the Company entered into a definitive agreement to sell its European Lighting business to Mutares SE & Co. KGaA (“Lighting Europe Agreement”). As of March 31, 2026, the Company committed to a plan to sell its Lighting business in North America, South America, and China. Subsequent to March 31, 2026, the Company entered into a definitive agreement with AURELIUS Investment Lux Alpha SARL to sell the business (“Lighting Rest of World Agreement”).

Sale of Rooftop Systems Business

During the first quarter of 2026, the Company entered into a definitive agreement to sell its Rooftop Systems business to Mutares SE & Co. KGaA (“Rooftop Systems Agreement”).

Held for sale classification

The Company determined that the assets and liabilities of its Lighting and Rooftop Systems businesses met the criteria to be classified as held for sale as of March 31, 2026. These businesses are reported within the Company’s Power & Vision segment and did not meet the criteria to be classified as discontinued operations. The transactions are expected to close in the second half of 2026, subject to customary closing conditions and regulatory approvals.

Accordingly, the held for sale assets and liabilities of the Lighting and Rooftop Systems businesses were reclassified in the consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2026 to current assets held for sale or current liabilities held for sale, respectively, as the sale of such assets and liabilities is expected within one year.

The following table summarizes the carrying value of the major classes of assets and liabilities of the Lighting and Rooftop Systems businesses which were classified as held for sale as of March 31, 2026, after giving effect to the loss on assets held for sale recorded in the first quarter of 2026. Refer to Note 3[a]. Other Expense, net for additional information.

	March 31, 2026		
	Lighting	Rooftop Systems	Total
Accounts receivable	\$ 165	\$ 8	\$ 173
Inventories	77	6	83
Income taxes receivable	12	—	12
Prepaid expenses and other	13	—	13
Deferred tax assets	35	—	35
Assets held for sale	\$ 302	\$ 14	\$ 316
Accounts payable	\$ 180	\$ 9	\$ 189
Accrued salaries and wages	24	4	28
Other accrued liabilities	14	15	29
Current lease liabilities	6	2	8
Long-term employee benefit liabilities	8	3	11
Long-term lease liabilities	25	6	31
Liabilities held for sale	\$ 257	\$ 39	\$ 296

MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Unaudited]

[All amounts in U.S. dollars and all tabular amounts in millions unless otherwise noted]

3. OTHER EXPENSE, NET

		Three months ended March 31,	
		2026	2025
Loss on assets held for sale	[a]	\$ 485	\$ —
Restructuring activities	[b]	26	44
Investments	[c]	(96)	9
		\$ 415	\$ 53

[a] Loss on assets held for sale

Sale of Lighting Business

Under the terms of the Lighting Europe Agreement, the Company is required to provide the buyer with an agreed upon amount of funding. Fair value less costs to sell was determined to be negative \$23 million, resulting in an impairment loss of \$73 million [\$73 million after tax].

Under the terms of the Lighting Rest of World Agreement, fair value less costs to sell was determined to be \$66 million, resulting in an impairment loss of \$345 million [\$312 million after tax].

Sale of Rooftop Systems Business

Under the terms of the Rooftop Systems Agreement, the Company is required to provide the buyer with an agreed upon amount of funding. Fair value less costs to sell was determined to be negative \$25 million, resulting in an impairment loss of \$67 million [\$67 million after tax].

The following table summarizes the adjustments recognized to the major classes of assets as of March 31, 2026:

	March 31, 2026		
	Lighting	Rooftop Systems	Total
Accounts receivable	\$ 81	\$ 13	\$ 94
Inventories	51	26	77
Fixed assets, net	225	12	237
Operating lease, right-of-use-assets	22	7	29
Intangibles, net	3	4	7
Goodwill ⁽ⁱ⁾	21	—	21
Other Assets	13	5	18
Total asset impairment	\$ 416	\$ 67	\$ 483
Costs to sell incurred during the first quarter of 2026	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 2
Total impairment loss	\$ 418	\$ 67	\$ 485

⁽ⁱ⁾ \$21 million of goodwill was allocated to the Lighting business in North America, South America, and China from the Mechatronics, Mirrors and Lighting reporting unit based on its relative fair value.

[b] Restructuring activities

In the first quarter of 2026, the Company recorded restructuring charges of \$21 million [\$20 million after tax] in its Complete Vehicles segment related to rightsizing activities at a facility in Europe, and \$5 million [\$5 million after tax] in its Power & Vision segment related to plant closures and consolidations at facilities in Europe.

In the first quarter of 2025, the Company recorded restructuring charges of \$33 million [\$33 million after tax] in its Complete Vehicles segment related to rightsizing activities at a facility in Europe, and \$11 million [\$11 million after tax] in its Power & Vision segment related to significant rightsizing activities and plant consolidations at facilities in Europe.

MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Unaudited]

[All amounts in U.S. dollars and all tabular amounts in millions unless otherwise noted]

3. OTHER EXPENSE, NET (CONTINUED)

[c] Investments

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Net revaluation (gain) loss on public and private equity investments	\$ (110)	\$ 2
Non-cash impairment charge	14	—
Revaluation loss on public company warrants	—	8
Gain on sales of public equity investments	—	(1)
Other (income) expense, net	(96)	9
Tax effect	—	(1)
Net (gain) loss attributable to Magna	\$ (96)	\$ 8

During the first quarter of 2026, the Company recorded an unrealized gain of \$108 million [\$108 million after tax] resulting from the revaluation of its existing private equity investment in Waymo LLC ("Waymo") following Waymo's completion of a new financing round. The non-cash impairment charge relates to the impairment of a private equity investment.

MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Unaudited]

[All amounts in U.S. dollars and all tabular amounts in millions unless otherwise noted]

4. EARNINGS PER SHARE

	Three months ended	
	2026	2025
Basic (loss) earnings per Common Share:		
Net (loss) income attributable to Magna International Inc.	\$ (12)	\$ 146
Weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding	278.1	282.0
Basic (loss) earnings per Common Share	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.52
Diluted (loss) earnings per Common Share [a]:		
Net (loss) income attributable to Magna International Inc.	\$ (12)	\$ 146
Weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding	278.1	282.0
Stock options and share awards	—	—
	278.1	282.0
Diluted (loss) earnings per Common Share	\$ (0.04)	\$ 0.52

[a] For the three months ended March 31, 2026, diluted earnings per Common Share excluded 5.3 million [2025 – 5.8 million] Common Shares issuable under the Company's stock-based compensation plans because the effect of including them would have been anti-dilutive. The dilutive effect of participating securities using the two-class method was excluded from the calculation of earnings per share because the effect would be immaterial.

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Unaudited]

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5. DETAILS OF CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

[a] Cash and cash equivalents consist of:

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Cash	\$ 747	\$ 960
Bank term deposits and bankers' acceptances	858	652
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,605	\$ 1,612
Restricted cash equivalents included in prepaid expenses and other [note 6]	23	—
	\$ 1,628	\$ 1,612

[b] Items not involving current cash flows:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Depreciation	\$ 403	\$ 369
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	19	26
Amortization of other assets and intangible assets included in cost of goods sold	59	51
Deferred revenue amortization	(100)	(57)
Other non-cash charges	4	13
Deferred tax recovery	(50)	(23)
Dividends received (less than) in excess of equity income	(84)	6
Non-cash portion of Other expense, net [note 3]	387	9
	\$ 638	\$ 394

[c] Changes in operating assets and liabilities:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Accounts receivable	\$ (733)	\$ (696)
Inventories	(28)	39
Prepaid expenses and other	12	(10)
Accounts payable	537	70
Accrued salaries and wages	69	7
Other accrued liabilities	174	185
Income taxes payable (receivable)	9	(65)
	\$ 40	\$ (470)

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Unaudited]

[All amounts in U.S. dollars and all tabular amounts in millions unless otherwise noted]

6. ACQUISITION OF NON-CONTROLLING INTEREST

On August 29, 2025, the Company acquired the non-controlling 35% interest in a consolidated subsidiary, increasing the Company's interest to 100%. The total purchase price was \$143 million, of which \$122 million was paid in 2025. The remaining \$21 million was deposited into escrow during the first quarter of 2026 and is included in prepaid expenses and other. The acquisition was accounted for as an equity transaction, and resulted in a reduction to the Company's non-controlling interest of \$99 million and contributed surplus of \$44 million.

7. INVENTORIES

Inventories consist of:

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Raw materials and supplies	\$ 1,576	\$ 1,647
Work-in-process	471	484
Finished goods	608	661
Tooling and engineering	1,309	1,334
	\$ 3,964	\$ 4,126

Tooling and engineering inventory represents costs incurred on tooling and engineering services contracts in excess of billed and unbilled amounts included in accounts receivable.

8. INVESTMENTS

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Equity method investments	\$ 947	\$ 846
Public and private equity investments	316	225
Debt investments	26	32
	\$ 1,289	\$ 1,103

Cumulative unrealized gains and losses on equity securities held as at March 31, 2026 were \$122 million and \$11 million [\$19 million and \$18 million as at December 31, 2025], respectively.

9. OTHER ASSETS

Other assets consist of:

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Preproduction costs related to long-term supply agreements	\$ 742	\$ 759
Long-term receivables	223	286
Pension overfunded status	75	75
Unrealized gain on cash flow hedges	79	83
Other, net	71	72
	\$ 1,190	\$ 1,275

MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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[All amounts in U.S. dollars and all tabular amounts in millions unless otherwise noted]

10. WARRANTY

The following is a continuity of the Company's warranty accruals:

	2026	2025
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 383	\$ 309
Expense, net	28	55
Settlements	(36)	(51)
Transfer to liabilities held for sale [note 2]	(5)	—
Foreign exchange and other	—	5
Balance, March 31	\$ 370	\$ 318

11. DEBT

Short-term borrowings

[a] Commercial Paper Program

As at March 31, 2026, \$135 million [no amounts outstanding as at December 31, 2025] of notes were outstanding under the U.S. commercial paper program, with a weighted average interest rate of 4.19%. The U.S. notes are backstopped by the Company's existing global credit facility. As at March 31, 2026, no notes were outstanding under the euro-commercial paper program [no amounts outstanding as at December 31, 2025].

[b] Credit Facilities

On April 22, 2026, the Company extended the maturity date of its \$800 million 364-day syndicated revolving credit facility from June 24, 2026, to June 24, 2027. The facility can be drawn in U.S. dollars or Canadian dollars. As at March 31, 2026, no amounts are outstanding under this credit facility.

Long-term borrowings

[a] Global Credit Facility

On April 22, 2026, the Company extended the maturity date of its \$2.7 billion syndicated revolving credit facility from June 25, 2030 to June 25, 2031. As at March 31, 2026, no amounts are outstanding under this credit facility.

[b] Term Loan Facilities

On January 12, 2026, the Company's \$350 million 3-year tranche syndicated, unsecured, delayed draw term loan facility expired with no amount drawn.

12. INCOME TAXES

For the three months ended March 31, 2026, the Company's effective income tax rate does not reflect the customary rate primarily due to the loss on assets held for sale and revaluations of investments described in note 3.

For the three months ended March 31, 2025, the Company's effective income tax rate does not reflect the customary rate due to higher losses not benefited in Europe.

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13. CAPITAL STOCK

[a] During the first quarter of 2026, the Company repurchased 7.6 million shares under a normal course issuer bid for cash consideration of \$440 million.

[b] The following table presents the maximum number of shares that would be outstanding if all the dilutive instruments outstanding at April 30, 2026 were exercised or converted:

Common Shares	272,224,550
Stock options ^[i] and share awards	4,559,643
	276,784,193

[i] Options to purchase Common Shares are exercisable by the holder in accordance with the vesting provisions and upon payment of the exercise price as may be determined from time to time pursuant to the Company's stock option plans.

14. ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

The following is a continuity schedule of accumulated other comprehensive loss:

	2026	2025
Accumulated net unrealized loss on translation of net investment in foreign operations		
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (802)	\$ (1,368)
Net unrealized (loss) gain	(56)	186
Repurchase of shares under normal course issuer bid	9	2
Balance, March 31	(849)	(1,180)
Accumulated net unrealized gain (loss) on cash flow hedges ^[i]		
Balance, beginning of period	99	(113)
Net unrealized (loss) gain	(6)	49
Reclassifications to net income	(13)	16
Balance, March 31	80	(48)
Accumulated net unrealized loss on other long-term liabilities		
Balance, beginning of period	(65)	(103)
Revaluation	(1)	—
Reclassifications to net income	—	1
Balance, March 31	(66)	(102)
Accumulated net unrealized gain on available-for-sale investments		
Balance, beginning of period	2	—
Balance, March 31	2	—
Total accumulated other comprehensive loss	\$ (833)	\$ (1,330)

[i] The amount of income tax expense that has been netted in the accumulated net unrealized (loss) gain on cash flow hedges is as follows:

	2026	2025
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (39)	\$ 44
Net unrealized gain (loss)	3	(17)
Reclassifications to net income	4	(7)
Balance, March 31	\$ (32)	\$ 20

The amount of other comprehensive gain that is expected to be reclassified to net income over the next 12 months is \$75 million.

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Unaudited]

[All amounts in U.S. dollars and all tabular amounts in millions unless otherwise noted]

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

[a] Financial assets and liabilities

The Company's financial assets and financial liabilities consist of the following:

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,605	\$ 1,612
Restricted cash equivalents included in prepaid expenses and other [note 6]	23	—
Accounts receivable	8,215	7,593
Public and private equity investments	316	225
Debt investments	26	32
Long-term receivables included in other assets	223	286
Financial assets held for sale [note 2]		
Accounts receivable held for sale	173	—
	\$ 10,581	\$ 9,748
Financial liabilities		
Short-term borrowing	\$ 136	\$ —
Long-term debt (including current portion)	4,663	4,712
Operating lease liability (including current portion)	1,901	1,977
Accounts payable	7,216	6,895
Financial liabilities held for sale [note 2]		
Accounts payable held for sale	189	—
	\$ 14,105	\$ 13,584
Foreign currency contracts designated as effective hedges, measured at fair value		
Prepaid expenses	\$ 97	\$ 98
Other assets	79	83
Other accrued liabilities	(27)	(19)
Other long-term liabilities	(40)	(19)
	\$ 109	\$ 143

[b] Supplier financing program

The Company has supplier financing programs with third-party financial institutions that provide financing to suppliers that provide tooling related materials. These arrangements allow these suppliers to elect to be paid by a financial institution at a discount earlier than the maturity date of the receivable, which may extend from 6 to 18 months. The Company pays the full amount owing to the financial institution on the maturity dates. Amounts outstanding under these programs as at March 31, 2026 were \$92 million [\$116 million as at December 31, 2025] and are presented within accounts payable.

[c] Fair value

The Company determines the estimated fair values of its financial instruments based on valuation methodologies it believes are appropriate; however, considerable judgment is required to develop these estimates. Accordingly, these estimated fair values are not necessarily indicative of the amounts the Company could realize in a current market exchange. The estimated fair value amounts can be materially affected by the use of different assumptions or methodologies. The methods and assumptions used to estimate the fair value of financial instruments are described below:

Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and short-term borrowings

Due to the short period to maturity of the instruments, the carrying values as presented in the consolidated balance sheets are reasonable estimates of fair values.

MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.

NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Publicly traded and private equity securities

The fair value of the Company's investments in publicly traded equity securities is determined using the closing price on the measurement date, as reported on the stock exchange on which the securities are traded [Level 1 input based on the GAAP fair value hierarchy].

The Company estimates the value of its private equity securities based on valuation methods using the observable transaction price at the transaction date and other observable inputs including rights and obligations of the securities held by the Company [Level 3 input based on the GAAP fair value hierarchy].

Senior Notes

At March 31, 2026, the net book value and the estimated fair value of the Company's Senior Notes were \$4.6 billion. The fair value of our Senior Notes are classified as Level 1 when quoted prices in active markets are available and Level 2 when the quoted prices are from less active markets or when other observable inputs are used to determine fair value.

[d] Credit risk

The Company's financial assets that are exposed to credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, debt investments, and foreign exchange and commodity forward contracts with positive fair values. Cash and cash equivalents, which consist of short-term investments, are only invested in bank term deposits and bank commercial paper with an investment grade credit rating. Credit risk is further reduced by limiting the amount which is invested in certain major financial institutions.

The Company is also exposed to credit risk from the potential default by any of its counterparties on its foreign exchange forward contracts. The Company mitigates this credit risk by dealing with counterparties who are major financial institutions that the Company anticipates will satisfy their obligations under the contracts.

In the normal course of business, the Company is exposed to credit risk from its customers, substantially all of which are in the automotive industry and are subject to credit risks associated with the automotive industry. For the three months ended March 31, 2026, sales to the Company's six largest customers represented 76% of the Company's total sales; and substantially all of its sales are to customers with which the Company has ongoing contractual relationships. The Company conducts business with newer electric vehicle-focused customers, which poses incremental credit risk due to their relatively short operating histories; limited financial resources; less mature product development and validation processes; uncertain market acceptance of their products/services; and untested business models. These factors may elevate the Company's risks in dealing with such customers, particularly with respect to recovery of: pre-production (including tooling, engineering, and launch) and production receivables; inventory; fixed assets and capitalized preproduction expenditures; as well as other third party obligations related to such items. As at March 31, 2026, the Company's balance sheet exposure related to newer electric vehicle-focused customers was approximately \$200 million [\$200 million as at December 31, 2025] and sales to these customers represented less than 5% of the Company's total sales. In determining the allowance for expected credit losses, the Company considers changes in customers' credit ratings, liquidity, customers' historical payments and loss experience, current economic conditions, and the Company's expectations of future economic conditions.

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15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

[e] Interest rate risk

The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk due to the short-term maturity of its monetary current assets and current liabilities. In particular, the amount of interest income earned on cash and cash equivalents is impacted more by investment decisions made and the demands to have available cash on hand, than by movements in interest rates over a given period.

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk on its Term Loans as the interest rate is variable, however the Company is not exposed to interest rate risk on Senior Notes as the interest rates are fixed.

[f] Currency risk and foreign exchange contracts

The Company is exposed to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates when manufacturing facilities have committed to the delivery of products for which the selling price has been quoted in currencies other than the facilities' functional currency, and when materials and equipment are purchased in currencies other than the facilities' functional currency. In an effort to manage this net foreign exchange exposure, the Company employs hedging programs, primarily through the use of foreign exchange forward contracts.

At March 31, 2026, the Company had outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts representing commitments to buy and sell various foreign currencies. Significant commitments are as follows:

	For Canadian dollars		For U.S. dollars		For Euros			
	U.S. dollar amount	Weighted average rate	Mexican Peso amount	Weighted average rate	U.S. dollar amount	Weighted average rate	Czech Koruna Amount	Weighted average rate
Buy	193	1.34464	23,931	0.04871	1,505	0.84526	13,138	0.03978
(Sell)	(1,755)	0.74534	(74)	20.21642	(1,617)	1.17936	—	—

Forward contracts mature at various dates through 2030. Foreign currency exposures are reviewed quarterly.

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16. CONTINGENCIES

From time to time, the Company may become involved in regulatory proceedings, or become liable for legal, contractual and other claims by various parties, including customers, suppliers, former employees, class action plaintiffs and others. On an ongoing basis, the Company attempts to assess the likelihood of any adverse judgements or outcomes to these proceedings or claims, together with potential ranges of probable costs and losses. A determination of the provision required, if any, for these contingencies is made after analysis of each individual issue. The required provision may change in the future due to new developments in each matter or changes in approach such as a change in settlement strategy in dealing with these matters.

In the third quarter of 2025, Ford initiated recalls covering approximately 3.8 million vehicles equipped with rearview cameras or image processing modules supplied by the Company. Ford also announced a new 15-year extended warranty program for up to approximately 14.9 million vehicles also equipped with rearview cameras supplied by us. Ford is claiming approximately \$288 million in costs related to these recalls and warranty claims. Additional recalls and/or extended warranty programs remain possible. The Company is in technical and commercial discussions with Ford, however, at this time, root cause determinations have not been made and/or confirmed for the vehicles covered by Ford's recalls and warranty extension program. Even after root cause(s) have been determined, other challenges make it difficult to fully quantify the Company's potential financial exposure, if any. These challenges include: integration with other vehicle systems and non-camera components; the age of affected vehicles; duration of the original warranty; number of affected vehicles brought to Ford dealers for inspection; and dealer discretion to determine the nature of the remedy to be applied, which may range from software upgrades, inspection of the rearview camera and other components, repairs, or replacement of the rearview camera. In the absence of certainty as to the scope of potentially affected vehicles, the root cause(s) of the alleged product failures, and/or the related costs of service actions, the Company is unable to fully estimate its potential exposure, if any, for recall-related costs and the extension of product warranties by Ford to affected vehicle owners. If the Company is determined to be fully or partially responsible for defective rearview cameras, any recall and extended warranty costs in excess of amounts accrued could be material to the Company's profitability in the period(s) in which such costs are recognized or provided for.

As a result of the bankruptcy of Fisker, Inc., owners of Fisker Ocean SUVs have asserted claims for alleged vehicle defects and breaches of state "lemon laws" against J.P. Morgan Chase, N.A. ["Chase"], the direct financier of approximately 2,000 such vehicles in the United States. Chase has indicated that it will seek indemnification from the Company, as contract manufacturer, for damages and legal costs incurred with the resolution of these claims. The Company has insufficient information to determine the existence or extent of potential liability, if any, related to this matter at this time.

MAGNA INTERNATIONAL INC.

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17. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Magna is a global automotive supplier which has complete vehicle engineering and contract manufacturing expertise, as well as product capabilities which include body, chassis, exterior, seating, powertrain, active driver assistance, electronics, mirrors & lighting, mechatronics, and roof systems.

The Company is organized under four operating segments: Body Exteriors & Structures, Power & Vision, Seating Systems, and Complete Vehicles. These segments have been determined on the basis of technological opportunities, product similarities, market and operating factors, and are also the Company's reportable segments.

The Company's chief operating decision maker is the Chief Executive Officer. The chief operating decision maker uses Adjusted Earnings before Interest and Income Taxes ["Adjusted EBIT"] as the measure of segment profit or loss, since management believes Adjusted EBIT is the most appropriate measure of operational profitability or loss for its reporting segments. The chief operating decision maker uses Adjusted EBIT to assess operating performance, allocate resources, and to help plan the Company's long-term strategic direction and future global growth. Adjusted EBIT is calculated by taking Net income and adding back Amortization of acquired intangible assets, Income taxes, Interest expense, net and Other expense (income), net.

[a] The following tables show segment information for the Company's reporting segments and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBIT to the Company's consolidated net income:

Three months ended March 31, 2026						
	Total sales	External sales	Adjusted EBIT ^[ii]	Depreciation	Equity income	Fixed asset additions
Body Exteriors & Structures	\$ 4,079	\$ 4,018	\$ 274	\$ 206	\$ (1)	\$ 87
Power & Vision	3,881	3,801	252	145	(84)	95
Seating Systems	1,340	1,335	25	25	(10)	18
Complete Vehicles	1,224	1,219	32	19	—	11
Corporate & Other ^[i]	(143)	8	(25)	8	—	8
Total Reportable Segments	\$ 10,381	\$ 10,381	\$ 558	\$ 403	\$ (95)	\$ 219

Three months ended March 31, 2025						
	Total sales	External sales	Adjusted EBIT ^[ii]	Depreciation	Equity income	Fixed asset additions
Body Exteriors & Structures	\$ 3,966	\$ 3,908	\$ 230	\$ 184	\$ (1)	\$ 129
Power & Vision	3,646	3,575	124	135	(14)	104
Seating Systems	1,312	1,310	(30)	25	(4)	17
Complete Vehicles	1,276	1,267	44	18	(1)	12
Corporate & Other ^[i]	(131)	9	(14)	7	—	6
Total Reportable Segments	\$ 10,069	\$ 10,069	\$ 354	\$ 369	\$ (20)	\$ 268

^[i] Included in Corporate & Other Adjusted EBIT are intercompany fees charged to the automotive segments.

^[ii] The following table reconciles Net income to Adjusted EBIT:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2026	2025
Net income	\$ (1)	\$ 153
Add:		
Amortization of acquired intangible assets	19	26
Interest expense, net	37	50
Other expense, net	415	53
Income taxes	88	72
Adjusted EBIT	\$ 558	\$ 354

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17. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Other segment items constitute the difference between External sales by segment and Adjusted EBIT by segment, and are comprised of cost of goods sold, selling, general, and administrative expenses, depreciation, and equity income. No significant expense categories are being provided to the chief operating decision maker on a regular basis.

[b] The following table shows segment information for Goodwill, Investments, and Net Assets for the Company's reporting segments:

	March 31, 2026			December 31, 2025		
	Goodwill	Investments	Net Assets	Goodwill	Investments	Net Assets
Body Exteriors & Structures	\$ 458	\$ 26	\$ 8,584	\$ 461	\$ 24	\$ 8,725
Power & Vision ⁽ⁱ⁾	1,613	628	6,379	1,654	524	6,699
Seating Systems	261	217	1,338	260	226	1,372
Complete Vehicles	113	116	421	116	115	471
Corporate & Other	19	302	1,062	21	214	1,029
Total Reportable Segments	\$ 2,464	\$ 1,289	\$ 17,784	\$ 2,512	\$ 1,103	\$ 18,296

⁽ⁱ⁾ Includes \$20 million of net assets held for sale

[c] The following table reconciles Total Assets to Net Assets:

	March 31, 2026	December 31, 2025
Total Assets	\$ 31,660	\$ 31,417
Deduct assets not included in segment net assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	(1,605)	(1,612)
Deferred tax assets	(881)	(864)
Long-term receivables from joint venture partners	(84)	(117)
Assets held for sale	(47)	—
Deduct liabilities included in segment net assets:		
Accounts payable	(7,216)	(6,895)
Accrued salaries and wages	(920)	(888)
Other accrued liabilities	(2,878)	(2,745)
Liabilities held for sale	(245)	—
Segment Net Assets	\$ 17,784	\$ 18,296

18. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Normal Course Issuer Bid

Subsequent to March 31, 2026, the Company purchased 2,300,000 Common Shares for cancellation under its existing normal course issuer bid for cash consideration of \$136 million.